

Alternatives to Foreclosure

So, your house is in foreclosure...now what? Try to look at the situation without attaching your emotions. If viewing the situation from a strictly a business viewpoint, you can more successfully analyze which option might best suit your needs and desires and move you towards resolving your financial difficulty. One very important thing to remember: **Time is of the essence**, so sit and take serious thought of your situation and take quick action in order to allow yourself enough time to complete the chosen process.

Ten options when facing foreclosure

Do Nothing-If a homeowner does nothing, they most likely will lose their home at foreclosure auction. Loan applications generally ask if the applicant has ever been foreclosed upon. Credit reports also disclose this damaging information. Not the best option.

Payoff/refinance-Completely paying off the entire loan amount plus any default amount and fees. Usually this is accomplished through a refinance of the debt. With this option there should be equity in the home.

Reinstatement-Paying the entire default amount plus interest, late fees, taxes, missed payments and fees and fees.

Loan modification-Utilizing the existing mortgage company to refinance the debt or extend the terms of the loan. This may allow the homeowner to catch up at a more affordable level. To qualify, you must prove to the lender you have fixed the problem that caused the late payment.

Forbearance- Lender may be able to arrange a repayment plan based on the homeowner's financial situation. The lender may even be able to provide a temporary payment reduction or suspension of payments. Information will be required the lender to show that you are able to meet the new payment plan requirements.

Partial claim-a loan from the lender for a 2nd loan to include back payments, costs and fees.

Deed in lieu of foreclosure-Give the property back to the bank instead of the bank foreclosing. Banks generally require the home to be well maintained, all mortgage payments and taxes must be current. Most loan applications ask if this has ever happened.

Bankruptcy-This option can liquidate debt and/or allow more time. **Chapter 7** (liquidation) To completely settle debt or **Chapter 13** (Wage Earner Plan) Payments are made toward a plan to pay off debts in 3-5 years.

Sale- If the property has equity (money left over after all loans and monetary encumbrances are paid) The homeowner may sell the home without lender approval through a conventional home sale. In this case, the homeowner will get cash from the sale.

Short Sale- The bank agrees to take less than what is owed on your loan(s).