### "For safety is not a gadget but a state of mind."

—Eleanor Everet

Dear Friend,

We can all agree that the most important concern in life is the safety and well-being of our friends and families.

That is precisely why the National Safety Council decided to dedicate the entire month of June to educate Americans about safety in their homes and every day activities.

On the 12th anniversary of its inception, I have created an entire Item of Value devoted to keep you and your loved ones safe. You will find tips to prevent fires in the home, a checklist of items for your family's emergency kit and some essential advice for storing your medications.

On the reverse side, I've included assistance for the most common accidental household injuries, as well as a list of basic first aid necessities.

Health and safety are things we must all take seriously, and I want to help keep you and your family safe and out of harm's way.

Sincerely,

Oh, by the way<sup>®</sup>... if you know of someone who would appreciate the level of service I provide, please call me with their name and business number, and I'll be happy to follow up and take great care of them.

du can download this cover letter from our website so that you can customize it for each of your clients.

June Is National Safety Month

Be prepared for the unexpected. It's never too soon to provide the safest home environment for you and your family. Take the time to double-check smoke and carbon monoxide detectors, replenish emergency kits, look for unsafe conditions and formulate evacuation plans if you haven't already done so. And above all else, prevent accidents before they happen.



### Safety Begins at Home.

#### An ounce of prevention helps avoid home accidents ...

Do things have a way of accumulating in your home? Because you are there every day, potential hazards can be overlooked easily. Periodic "proactive" inspections can help you avoid accidents and ensure the health and safety of you and your loved ones. Here are things to watch for:



#### Fight fire before it happens.

Whether you are at home or away, fire is always a potential hazard. By the time firefighters arrive, it may be too late—but you can take the following precautions:

- Keep fire extinguishers in the kitchen, garage and patio.
- Only use space heaters with automatic shut offs and never operate them without someone in the room.
- Install smoke/carbon monoxide detectors in all areas. Smoke detectors provide early warning and are your first line of defense. Test them and change batteries regularly. A good way to remember is with spring and autumn time changes.

Take nothing for granted. Children and pets are naturally curious. What makes common sense to you does not to them. Keep potential hazards out of reach and safeguard against the unexpected—a dog can chew through a lamp cord and a child may eat a colorful crayon. Keep child- and pet-specific products with your first aid kit.



#### Check electrical circuits.

When was the last time you checked your electrical appliances? Be sure to do the following:

- Check for worn or exposed wiring (particularly on lamps) and overloaded circuits.
- Plug computers and televisions into surge protectors.
- Familiarize yourself with the fuse box and circuit panel and place flashlights and batteries nearby.

#### Put poisons in their place.

The most prevalent cause of accidental death at home is inadvertent poisoning. You can avoid this by keeping products sealed and out of easy reach from children. Always keep products in their original packaging for quick access to warnings and instructions and discard any expired medications.

Consult your physician or pharmacist for assistance with the following:

- Household cleaners and office supplies
- Medications, vitamins and cooking ingredients
- Garage and garden chemicals

#### Take your time with tools.

Don't rush household chores—tools can fight back. Most tools and utensils have sharp edges, particularly knives. Learning how to use them properly can be a valuable safety lesson. Here are a few reminders:

- Cut or stroke away from your body, not toward.
- If you drop a knife or tool, don't try to catch it.
- Don't use tools on live electrical items—unplug them.
- Always use tools in a well-lit area.
- If you get cut or injured, seek first aid immediately.



## Safety THE Home



**CUTS & SCRATCHES** 



SPRAINS



MINOR BURNS



FRACTURES



CONCUSSIONS

does not stop, apply

call 9-1-1.

Check off

what you

have and

get what you need.

immediately

Use the acronym RICE

**Rest:** Avoid movement of the injured area.

Immobilize: Splint arm

**Cold:** Apply ice to thin barrier between ice and bare skin.

Elevate: Elevate the

person from the

Stabilize the bone

Use a newspaper as a

bed rest, fluids and a mild pain reliever. A doctor should be contacted to assess

person in case he or

# Things should Have

- Two pairs of Latex or other sterile gloves (if you are allergic to Latex)
- Sterile dressings to stop bleeding
- Cleansing agent/soap and antibiotic towelettes to disinfect
- Antibiotic ointment to prevent infection
- Burn ointment to prevent infection
- Adhesive bandages in a variety of sizes
- Eye wash solution to flush the eyes or as a general decontaminant
- Thermometer: non-glass and non-mercury
- Prescription medications you take every day such as insulin, heart medicine and asthma inhalers
- Prescribed medical supplies such as glucose and blood pressure monitoring equipment and supplies

- Aspirin or non-aspirin pain reliever

Online Resources:

WebMD

www.webmd.com Has detailed information about any injuries you may sustain at home and features advice for how to treat them.

Wikipedia www.wikipedia.org Encyclopedia with straightforward content that makes finding those important articles effortless.